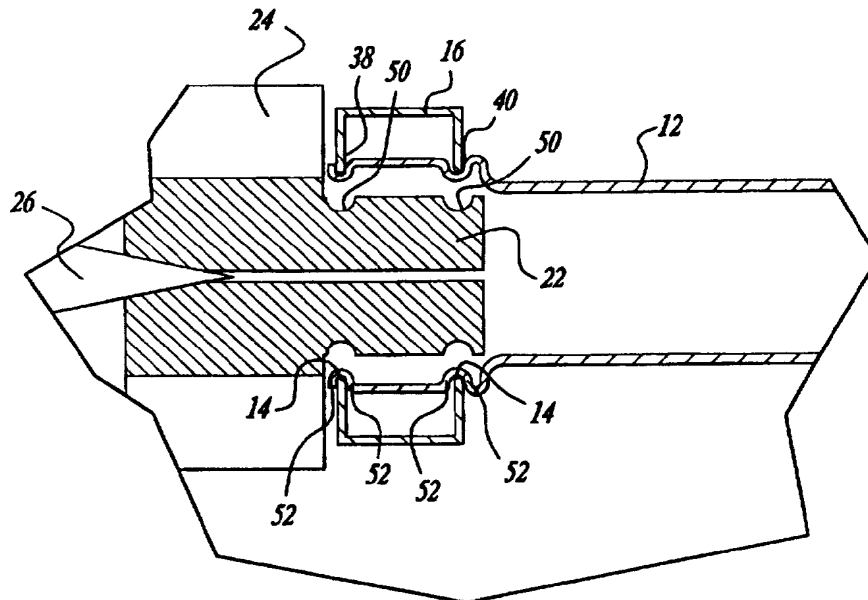




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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US97/17397 (22) International Filing Date: 26 September 1997 (26.09.97) (30) Priority Data: 08/721,216 26 September 1996 (26.09.96) US (71) Applicant: THE BUDD COMPANY [US/US]; 3155 W. Big Beaver, Troy, MI 48084 (US). (72) Inventors: O'CONNOR, James, P.; 2520 Garland, Sylvan Lake, MI 48320 (US). MARTIN, Richard; 4306 Rochester Road, Troy, MI 48098 (US). KOCER, Bruce, D.; 290 Oxford Lake Drive, Oxford, MI 48371 (US). (74) Agents: SCHIVLEY, G., Gregory et al.; Harness, Dickey & Pierce, P.L.C., P.O. Box 828, Bloomfield Hills, MI 48303 (US).		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>With international search report.</i> <i>Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i>

(54) Title: VEHICLE FRAME WITH SIDE/CROSS MEMBER JOINT**(57) Abstract**

A vehicul frame (10) having a side/cross member joint, including a pair of side members (16) each having at least one opening (14) therethrough, the openings (14) having a plurality of generally straight edge portions. A cross member (12) is connected to the side members (16), wherein the one cross member is disposed in the openings (14) in the side members (16). The cross member (12) is deformed radially outwardly such that an outer surface (48b) of the cross member (12) is formed with a pair of grooves (50) having radially extending walls on opposite sides of each of the openings in the side member (16). A plurality of flat and semi-circular portions are formed in the cross member (12) corresponding with the straight edge portions and the semi-circular edge portions of the openings.

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TITLE: VEHICLE FRAME WITH SIDE/CROSS MEMBER JOINT**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION****FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to automobile frame structures and, more particularly, to a vehicle frame with side/cross member joint.

5 BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In the manufacture of frames for motor vehicles, it is desirable to provide a frame structure which is rigid. It is generally known in the prior art to form a frame structure having a pair of longitudinally extending main
10 beams which are interconnected by cross members. Attaching cross members to side rails of a vehicle chassis has previously been achieved by providing a C-shaped bracket adjacent to an opening in the side rail which receives the cross member and which is welded to the side rail and cross
15 member in order to secure the cross member to the side rail. The problem with this conventional method of attaching the cross members to the side rails is that a lot of welding must be performed in order to properly secure the C-shaped brackets to the cross members and to the side
20 rails. The addition of the brackets for supporting the cross members also increases the weight of the vehicle chassis. Thus, it is desirable to provide a side/cross member joint which requires less welding and does not require the additional brackets used with conventional
25 side/cross member joints.

Accordingly, the present invention provides a vehicle frame having a side/cross member joint, comprising: a pair of side members each having at least one opening therethrough, said openings having a plurality of generally
30 straight edge portions and a plurality of generally semi-circular edge portions interconnecting said generally straight edge portions; at least one cross member connected to said side members, wherein said at least one cross

member is disposed in said openings in said side members and said cross member is deformed radially outwardly such that an outer surface of said cross member is formed with a pair of grooves having radially extending walls on opposite sides of each of said openings in said side member and a plurality of flat and semi-circular portions corresponding with said straight edge portions and said semi-circular edge portions of said openings.

A method of making a side/cross member joint for a vehicle frame is also provided, comprising the steps of: providing at least one side member having two opposed side walls each having at least one opening therethrough, a periphery of said opening including a plurality of semi-circular segments connected to a plurality of generally straight segments; inserting a generally cylindrical cross member in said opening in said at least one side member; inserting an expanding mechanism in an end of said cross member, said expanding mechanism including a plurality of radially movable fingers each having a pair of recessed groove portions corresponding with said openings in said opposed side walls of said side member, wherein a plurality of said radially movable fingers have a generally flat radially outermost surface, corresponding with said generally straight segments of said openings, and a plurality of said radially movable fingers have a generally cylindrical radially outermost surface corresponding with said semi-circular segments of said openings; and activating said expanding mechanism while said expanding mechanism is inserted in said end of said cross member, wherein said cross member is deformed radially outwardly such that an outer surface of said cross member is formed with grooves having radially extending walls on opposite sides of said openings in said side member.

Further scope of applicability of the present invention will become apparent from the detailed

description provided hereinafter. It should be understood however that the detailed description and specific examples, while indicating preferred embodiments of the invention, are intended for purposes of illustration only, since various changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from this detailed description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will become more fully understood from the detailed description and the accompanying drawings wherein:

Figure 1 is an end view of an apparatus for forming the side/cross member joint in a vehicle frame according to the principles of the present invention, with an expanding mechanism ready to be inserted in the end of the cross member;

Figure 2 is a detailed view of the expanding mechanism inserted in an end of a cross member prior to activation of the expanding mechanism;

Figure 3 is an end view of the apparatus shown in Figure 1 with the expanding mechanism being activated in order to form the side/cross member joint according to the present invention;

Figure 4 is a detailed cross/sectional view of the expanding mechanism in the activated state wherein the side/cross member joint has been formed;

Figure 5 is an end view of the apparatus shown in Figure 1 with the expanding mechanism removed from the end of the cross members after the side/cross member joint has been formed;

Figure 6 is a detailed cross/sectional view of the side/cross member joint after the expanding mechanism has been deactivated;

Figure 7 is an end view of the cross member as received in the opening in the side rail and showing the expanding mechanism received therein for forming the side/cross member joint;

5 Figure 8 is a detailed view of the expanding mechanism and mandril which is used for activating the expanding mechanism according to the principles of the present invention;

10 Figure 9 is a plan view of the apparatus for forming the side/cross member joint in a vehicle frame having four joint forming stations; and

Figure 10 is a perspective view of a side/cross member joint forming station according to the principles of the present invention.

15 **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS**

With reference to the attached Figures, the present invention will be described. In Figure 9, a vehicle frame 10 is shown in an unassembled condition having a pair of cross members 12 inserted through openings 14 in side rails 16. Cross members 12 are supported by spacer arms 18 which
20 are provided with a U-shaped slot 20.

An expanding mechanism 22 is supported on a base member 24 at each corner of the work station. Base 24 also supports mandril 26 for reciprocal movement therein.
25 Mandril 26 is operable for actuating expanding member 22. A locator arm 28 extends from base 24 and comes in contact with side rails 16 when base member 24 is moved toward side rail 16 and expanding member 22 is inserted in an end 30 of a cross member 12. Mandrils 26 are supported within base
30 member 24 in a cylindrical bore 32 and are actuated by conventional techniques for actuating expanding member 22.

With reference to Figures 1-6, the different stages for forming the side/cross member joint for vehicle frames will be described. In Figure 1, cross members 12 are

supported in the U-shaped slots 20 of spacer arm 18, and side rails 16 are supported on the ends 30 of cross members 12 which are inserted inside of openings 14 in side rail 16. Base members 24 are provided with slide members 34
5 which are disposed on tracks 36. Base 24 is movable from a disengaged position as shown in Figure 1 to an engaged position wherein expanding mechanism 22 is inserted in the end 30 of cross member 12, as shown in Figure 2.

At this stage, the base members 24 on each side of
10 cross member 12 are each moved toward one another and stopped at a position where cross member 12 is properly centered therebetween. The members 28 press against side rails 16 in order to secure the side rails 16 against spacer arms 18. With reference to Figures 3 and 4, the
15 mandril 26 is driven through the expanding mechanism 22 to expand the end 30 of cross members 12 as shown in detail in Figure 4. In Figure 4, the actuation of the expanding member 22 forms a pair of grooves 38, 40 corresponding to the openings 14 in side rail 16. The details of the
20 expanding mechanism and the grooves formed thereby will be later described herein.

With reference to Figure 6, the mandril 26 is withdrawn from expanding mechanism 22 which allows expanding mechanism 22 to be released from cross member 12.
25 As shown in Figure 5, the base members 24 are then returned to their retracted position and the vehicle frame 10 can be removed from the frame support 42.

With reference to Figure 10, a perspective view of a work station for creating a side/cross member joint for a
30 vehicle frame is shown. Cross member 12 is shown supported in U-shaped slot 20 of spacer arm 18 on frame support 42. The end 30 of cross member 12 is inserted through openings 14 in side rail 16. Expanding mechanism 22 is shown adjacent to end 30 of cross member 12. Mandril 26 is shown
35 supported in cylinder 32 of base 24.

With reference to Figure 7, the expanding mechanism 22 is shown inserted in the end 30 of cross member 12. The opening 14 in side rail 16 is provided with a plurality of flat edge portions 44 which are connected by a plurality of semi-circular edge portions 46. Expanding mechanism 22 is provided with a plurality of radially movable fingers 48. A plurality of the radially movable fingers 48 are provided with a flat radially outermost surface 48a, while the remaining fingers are provided with a semi-cylindrical radially outer surface 48b. The plurality of fingers 48 having a flat radially outermost surface 48a correspond with the flat edge portions 44 of opening 14. Each of the radially movable finger 48 are provided with a pair of grooves 50, as best shown in Figure 8. The expanding mechanism 22 expands causing cross member 22 to deform to the configuration shown in Figure 6. The plurality of flat edge portions 44 of opening 14 are engaged by a plurality of flat surfaces which are formed by the flat radially movable fingers 48 for providing a lock against rotation of the cross member 12 relative to the opening 14 of side rail 16. The grooves 50 are provided for forming the grooves 138, 140 in the cross member 12. Grooves 38, 40 are defined by sidewalls 52 which are formed on each side of openings 14 of side rail 16, as best shown in Figure 6. The sidewalls 52 prevent lateral slip of cross members 12 relative to side rails 16. Thus, grooves 38, 40 which are formed around openings 14 prevent lateral movement as well as rotational movement of cross member 12 relative to side rails 16.

With reference to Figure 8, the mandril 26 is provided with a main shaft portion 60 having a tapered cam end 62 and a cylindrical base portion. Mandril 26 is driven through a central opening 66 of expanding mechanism 22 causing radial movement of radially movable fingers 48. Expanding mechanisms of this type are generally known with

the exception of a portion of every other of the radially movable fingers 48 being provided with a flat radially outermost surface 48a. Expanding mechanisms of the general type are available from GWS Tool & Die Inc., Ontario, Canada.

The resulting side/cross member joint obtained by the method of the present invention has several advantages over the prior art techniques. In particular, a reduction in weight is achieved because the need for the conventional C-shaped collars is eliminated. Furthermore, the necessity for welding cross members 12 to side rails 16 is also reduced, and may possibly be eliminated. Furthermore, the technique of the present invention can be used for joining frame members of different materials such as joining aluminum members to steel members. A thin coat of resin or other material may be applied to the exterior surface of the cross member which can be made of, for example, aluminum in order to achieve a reduction in weight while the side rail can be used of a higher strength material such as steel, and the coating of the cross member 12 prevents electrolytic corrosion between the aluminum and steel members.

The invention being thus described, it will be obvious that the same may be varied in many ways. Such variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the spirit and scope of the invention, and all such modifications as would be obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be included within the scope of the following claims.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A vehicle frame having a side/cross member joint, comprising:

at least one side member having at least one opening therethrough, said opening having a plurality of
5 generally straight edge portions;

at least one cross member connected to said side member, wherein said at least one cross member is disposed in said openings in said side member and said cross member is deformed radially outwardly such that an outer surface
10 of said cross member is formed with a pair of grooves having radially extending walls on opposite sides of each of said openings in said side member and a plurality of flat portions corresponding with said straight edge portions of said openings.

2. A vehicle frame having a side/cross member joint, comprising:

at least one side member having at least one opening therethrough, said opening having a plurality of
5 generally straight edge portions and a plurality of semi-circular edge portions between each of said straight edge portions;

at least one cross member connected to said side member, wherein said at least one cross member is disposed
10 in said openings in said side member and said cross member is deformed radially outwardly such that an outer surface of said cross member is formed with a pair of grooves having radially extending walls on opposite sides of each of said openings in said side member and a plurality of
15 flat and semi-circular portions corresponding with said straight edge portions and said semi-circular edge portions of said openings.

3. A method of making a side/cross member joint for a vehicle frame, comprising the steps of:

providing at least one side member having two opposed side walls each having at least one opening therethrough;

5 inserting a generally cylindrical cross member in said openings in said at least one side member;

inserting an expanding mechanism in an end of said cross member, said expanding mechanism including a plurality of radially movable fingers each having a pair of
10 recessed groove portions corresponding with said openings in said opposed side walls of said side member;

activating said expanding mechanism while said expanding mechanism is inserted in said end of said cross member, wherein said cross member is deformed radially
15 outwardly such that an outer surface of said cross member is formed with a pair of grooves having radially extending walls on opposite sides of said openings in said side walls of said side member.

4. The method according to Claim 3, further comprising the steps of holding said side member in a stationary position and aligning said cross member in said openings prior to said step of activating said expanding
5 mechanism.

5. A method of making a side/cross member joint for a vehicle frame, comprising the steps of:

providing at least one side member having two opposed side walls each having at least one opening therethrough,
5 a periphery of said openings including a plurality of semi-circular segments connected to a plurality of generally straight segments;

inserting a generally cylindrical cross member in said openings in said at least one side member;

10 inserting an expanding mechanism in an end of said cross member, said expanding mechanism including a plurality of radially movable fingers each having a pair of

recessed groove portions corresponding with said openings in said opposed side walls of said side member, wherein a plurality of said radially movable fingers have a generally flat radially outermost surface, corresponding with said generally straight segments of said openings, and a plurality of said radially movable fingers have a generally cylindrical radially outermost surface corresponding with said semi-circular segments of said openings;

activating said expanding mechanism while said expanding mechanism is inserted in said end of said cross member, wherein said cross member is deformed radially outwardly such that an outer surface of said cross member is formed with a pair of grooves having radially extending walls on opposite sides of said openings in said side walls of said side member.

6. The method according to Claim 5, further comprising the steps of holding said side member in a stationary position and aligning said cross member in said openings prior to said step of activating said expanding mechanism.

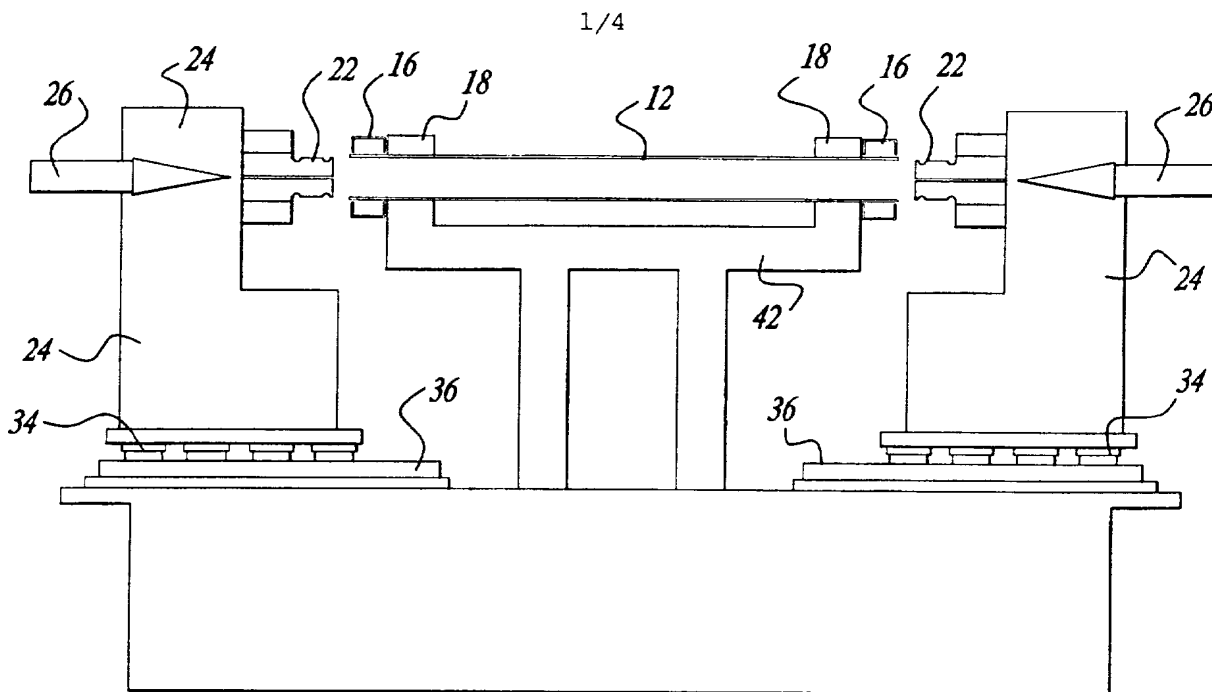


Fig-1

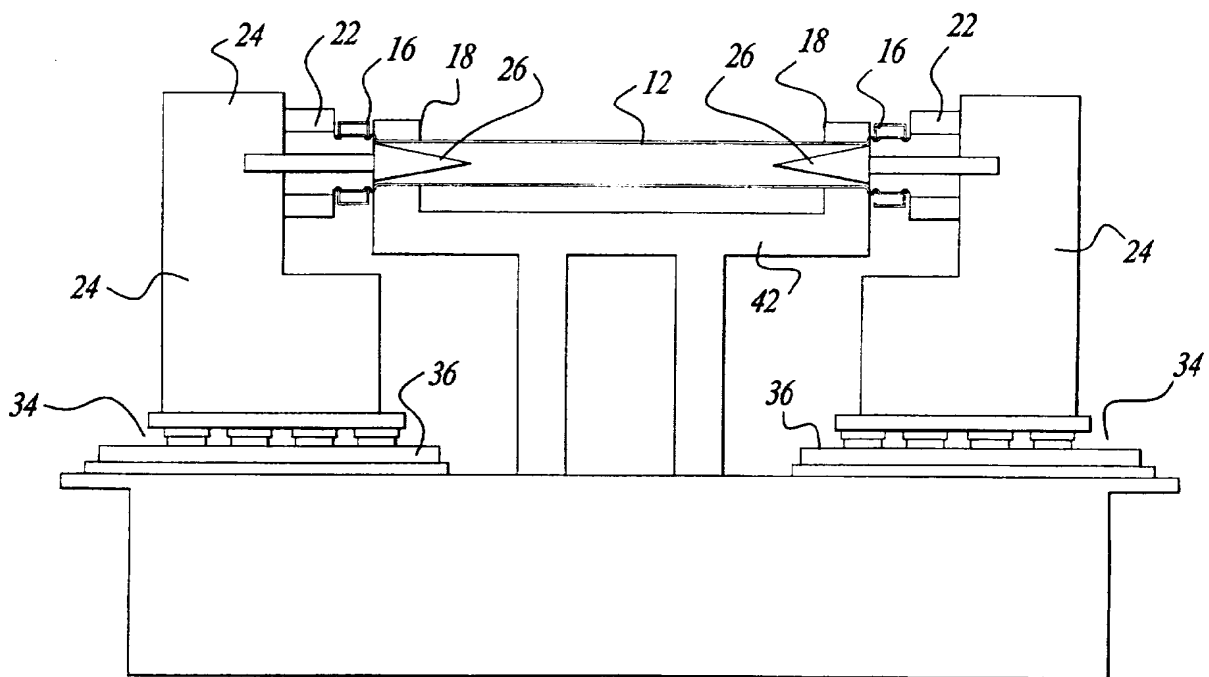


Fig-3

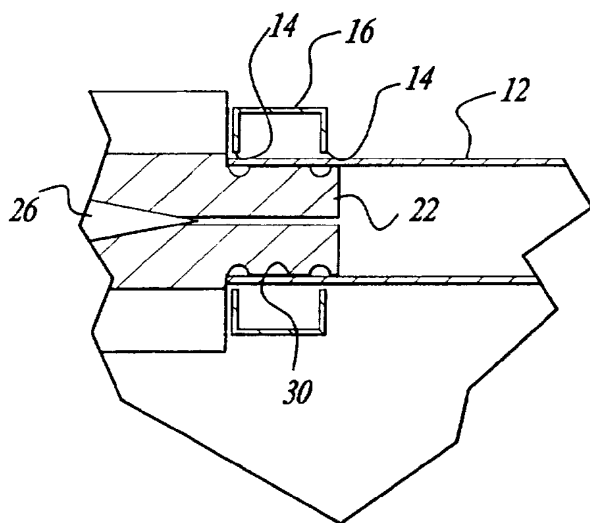


Fig-2

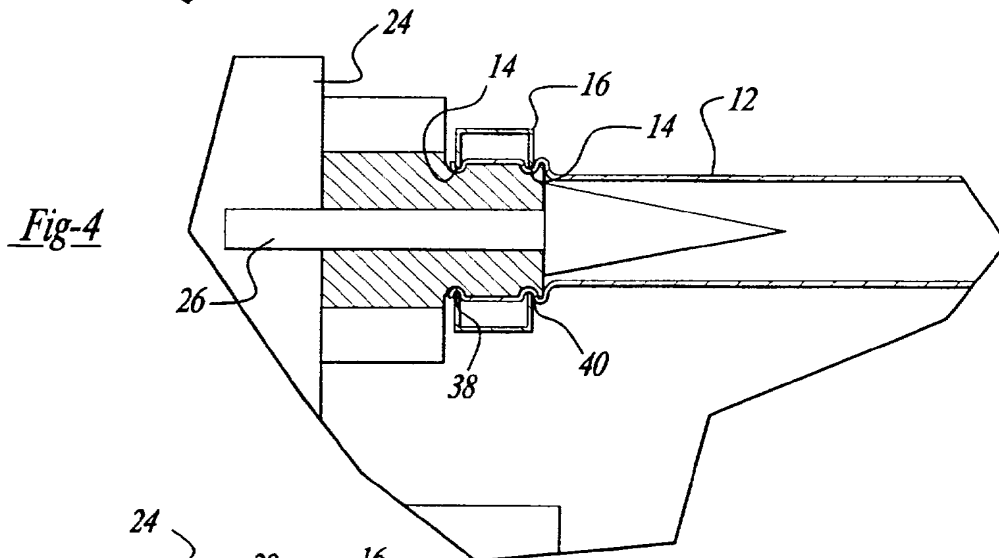


Fig-4

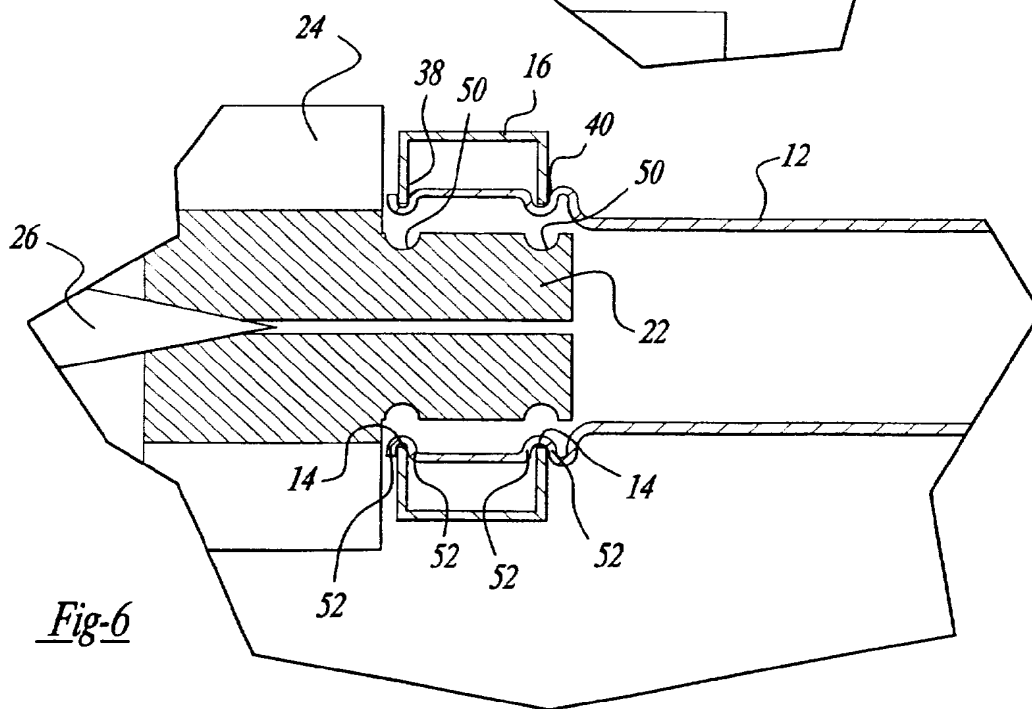


Fig-6

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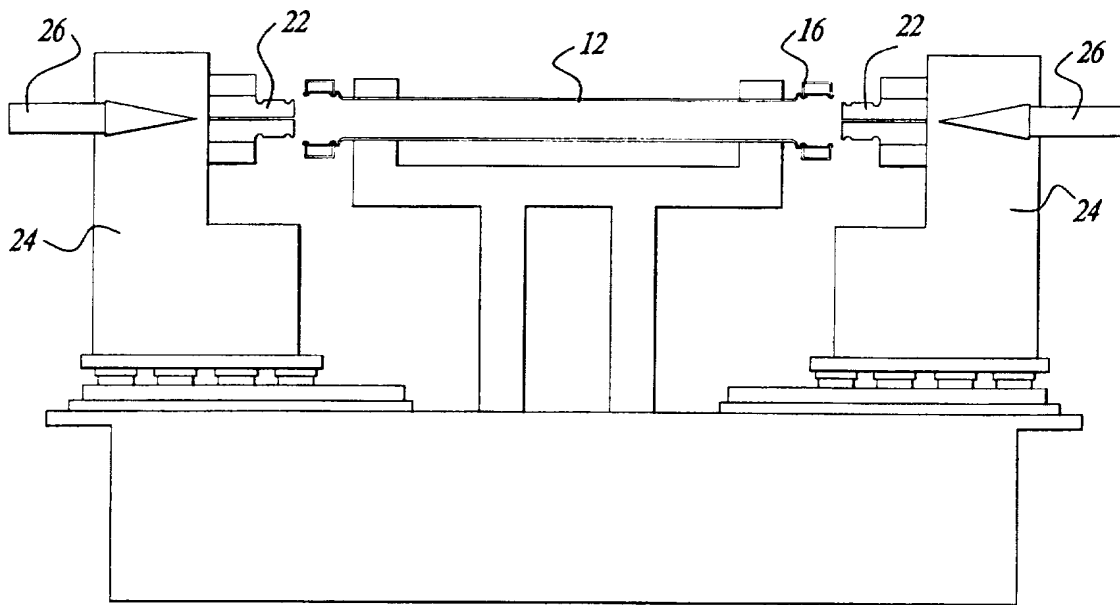


Fig-5

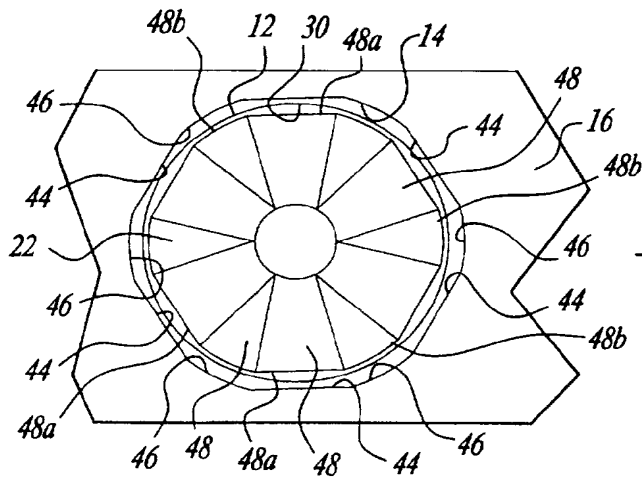


Fig-7

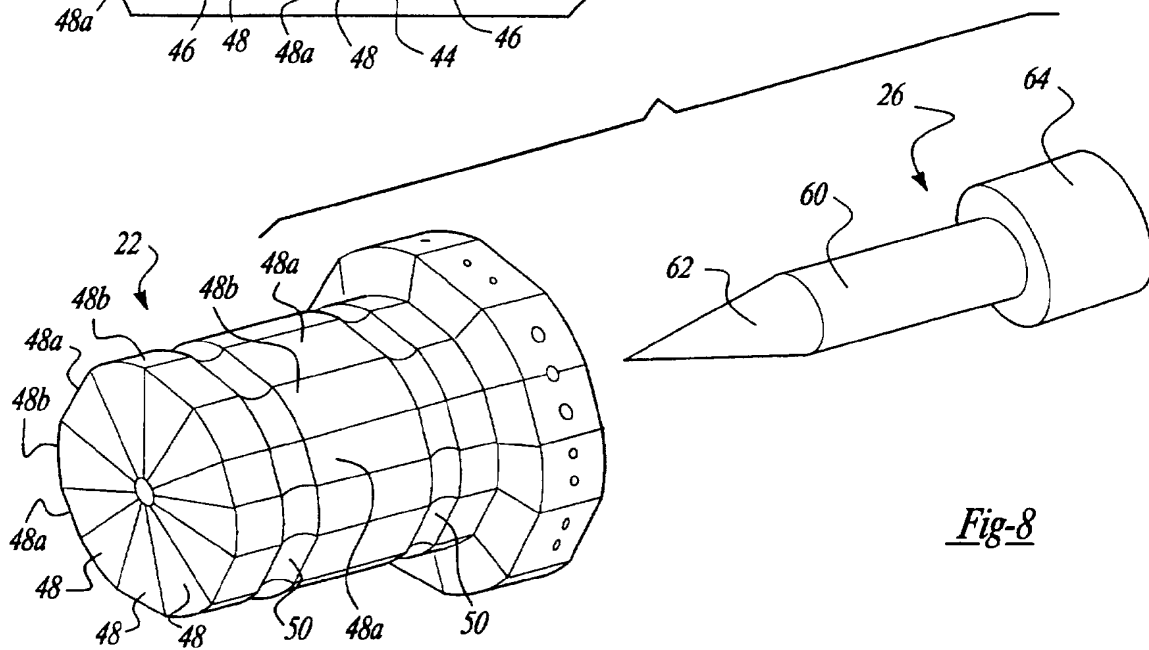
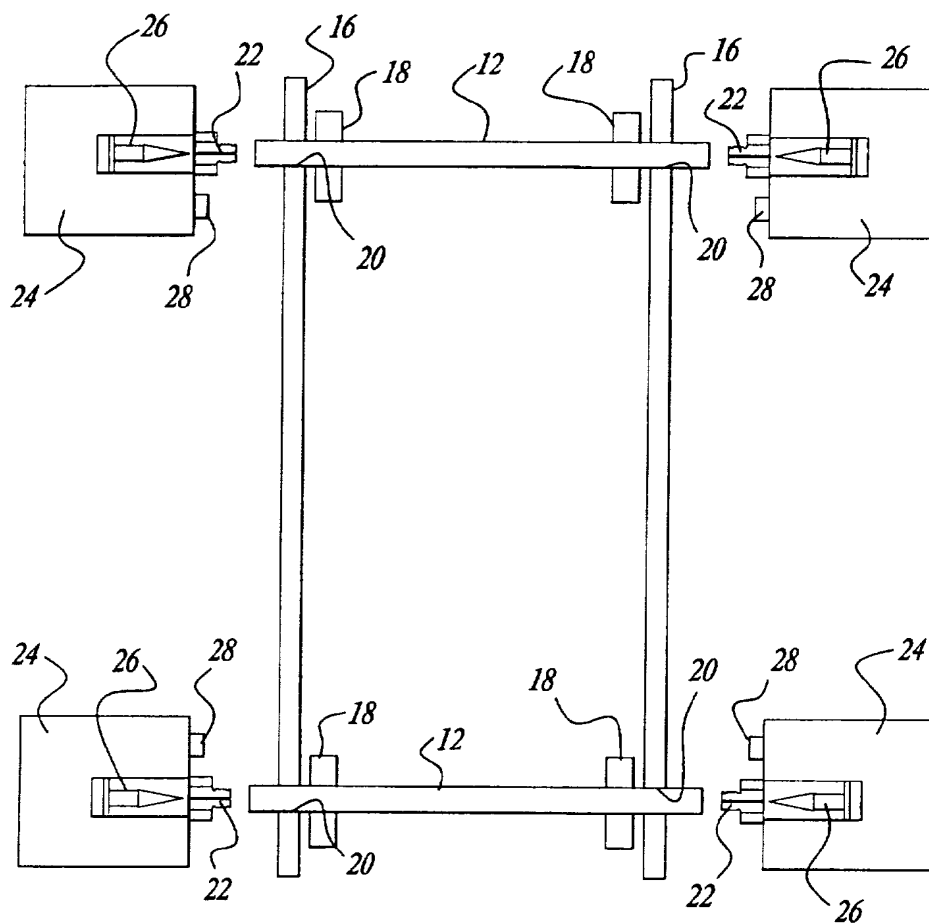
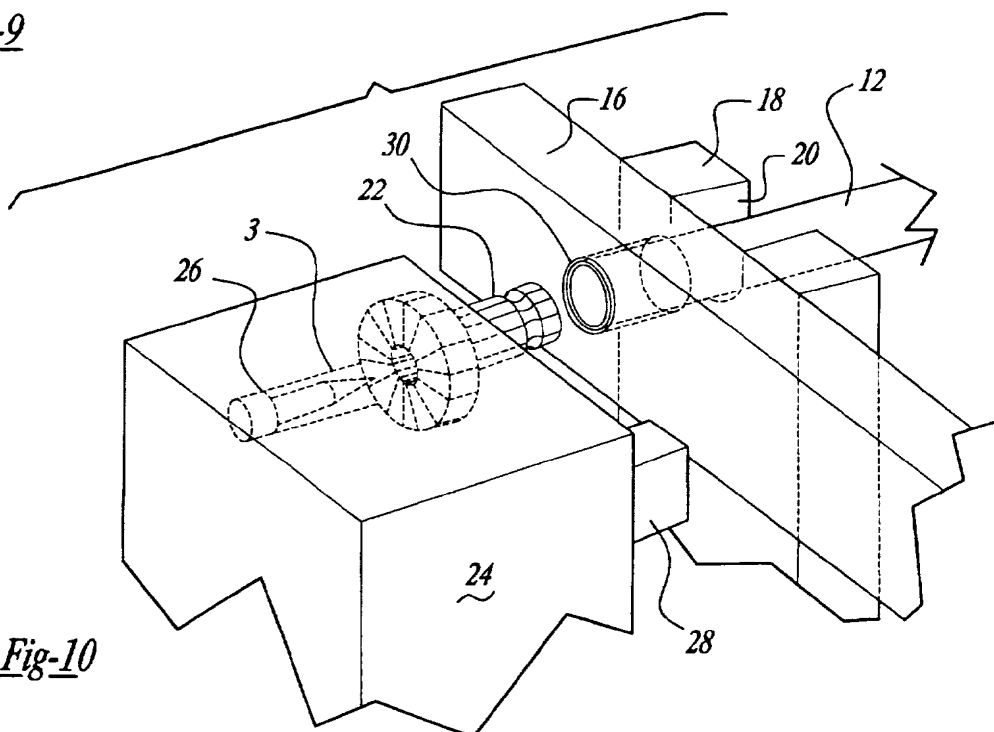


Fig-8

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Fig-9Fig-10

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US97/17397

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(6) : B60R 27/00, B60 R 7/00

US CL : 296/203; 280, 798; 29/897.2

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 296/203, 204, 205; 280/798, 795, 796, 797; 29/897.2, 522.1, 523

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 4,698,896 A (OSTERWALD et al.) 13 October 1987.	1-2
X	US 5,458,393 A (BENEDYK et al.) 17 October 1995, see total document, especially Figure 7.	
A	US 3,349,870 A (LIEBLEIN) October 31, 1987.	
A	US 2,194,349 A (ALMDALE) 19 March 1940.	
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.



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10 DECEMBER 1997

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23 JAN 1998

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